SAFETY PERFORMANCE

IN THE WESTERN AUSTRALIAN MINERAL INDUSTRY 2020-21

Government of Western Australia
Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety



INJURIES BY AREA



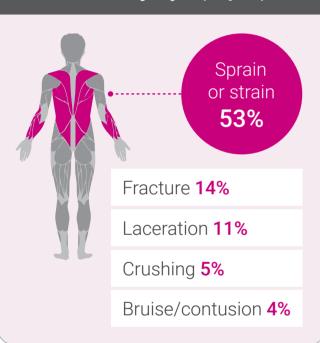
911 of the 1,092 LTIs and RWIs which occurred during surface mining operations were classified as serious

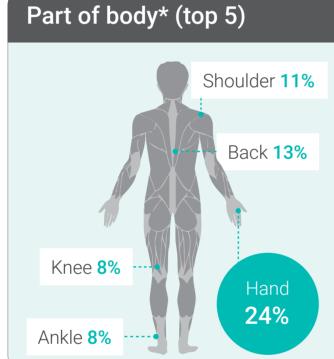


173 of the 217 LTIs and RWIs which occurred during underground mining operations were classified as serious

41 of the 60 LTIs and RWIs which occurred during exploration operations were classified as serious

Nature of injury* (top 5)

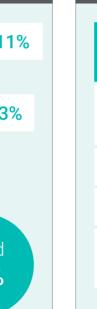




Location* (top 5)

Treatment plant/ore

processing 28%



Underground workplaces 16%

Open pit production/

development areas 17%

Surface work area

general 11%



* Note: For mining and exploration, includes LTIs and RWIs

MINING AND EXPLORATION FATALITIES THREE YEAR ROLLING AVERAGE Three-year rolling average for number of fatalities ---- National target 20% reduction 2012-22

Employees and contractors



Company employees

for mining and exploration

53,847 workers worked 42% of hours

798 injuries reported



Contractor employees for mining and exploration

94,525 workers worked 58% of hours

571 injuries reported

RWIFRs

Mining



17% decrease in RWIFR for iron ore sector to 2.5

2% increase in RWIFR for gold sector to 4.9

26% decrease in RWIFR for nickel sector to 4.4

10% decrease in RWIFR for bauxite and alumina sector to 10.1

Exploration



33% increase in RWIFR to 5.1

LTIFRs

Mining



32% decrease in LTIFR for iron ore sector to 1.1

14% increase in LTIFR for gold sector to 2.2

6% increase in LTIFR for nickel sector to 2.1

38% increase in LTIFR for bauxite and alumina sector to 7.0

Exploration



51% decrease in LTIFR to 2.0

Fatal accidents



2 fatal accidents

Mining

A 25 year old underground truck operator was out of her vehicle, walking in the underground decline after her truck had broken down. At this time, another truck was tramming up the decline and struck the operator who sustained fatal injuries.

A 38 year old underground bogger operator sustained fatal injuries when his bogger fell into an open stope. Markings labelled "bund" were observed on the walls either side of the drive at a distance of six metres from the stope edge. There were no delineators or other markings in the drive to indicate distance to the stope edge. This is the third fatality in WA mines since 2000 as a result of boggers falling into stopes.

Related safety alert

Mines Safety Significant Incident Report No. 283 Manned loader falls into open stope – fatal accident

DEFINITIONS

Lost time injury (LTI)

Work injury that results in an absence from work for at least one full day or shift any time after the day or shift on which the injury occurred

Lost time injury frequency rate (LTIFR)

Number of lost time injuries per million hours worked

Serious injury

Work injury that results in the injured person being disabled for a period of two weeks or

Restricted work injury (RWI)

Work injury (not an LTI) that results in alternative duties being worked for at least one full day or shift any time after the day or shift on which the injury occurred

Restricted work injury frequency rate (RWIFR)

Number of restricted work injuries per million

For more detailed information on safety performance, see the annual compilations at

National target for fatalities from *The Australian Work Health and Safety Strategy* 2012–2022 available on Safe Work Australia website.